

ABN: 36 000 902 170

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

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For the year ended 31 January 2023

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Directors' report

31 January 2023

The directors present their report on Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd for the financial year ended 31 January 2023.

Information on directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to date of the report are:

Robert J. Laird

Responsibilities: Chairman Qualifications: Retired

Experience: Previous Vice Chairman and Director

Service: Full Period

Kenneth W. Walker

Responsibilities: Vice Chairman

Qualifications: Retired

Experience: Previous Director

Service: Full Period

Trevor Ledger

Responsibilities: Director

Qualifications: Business Owner Experience: Previous Director

Service: Full Period

Ian Flarrety

Responsibilities: Director

Qualifications: Business Owner Experience: Previous Director

Service: Full Period

Neville Dykes

Responsibilities: Director

Qualifications: Business Owner Experience: Previous Director

Service: Full Period

Helen Reibel

Responsibilities: Director

Qualifications: RSL Sub Branch Vice President

Experience: Previous Director

Service: Full Period

Directors' report

31 January 2023

Belynda Pickvance

Responsibilities: Director

Qualifications: Volunteer Manager of Darts Clubs

Experience: Hospitality Operations

Appointed: 31 May 2022

Petah Russell

Responsibilities: Director Qualifications: Manager

Experience: Previous Director Resigned: 24 May 2022

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of the report unless otherwise stated.

Meetings of directors

	Eligible to	Number
Director's Name	attend	attended
Robert J. Laird	11	11
Kenneth W. Walker	11	11
Trevor Ledger	11	9
Ian Flarrety	11	11
Neville Dykes	11	11
Helen Reibel	11	10
Belynda Pickvance	6	6
Petah Russell	3	

Principal activities

The principal activity of Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd during the financial year was to conduct the operations of a Registered Licensed Club. The Club's objective is to operate in a responsible and financially sensible manner with the aim to continue to provide all our members an our local community with a venue to meet their needs. The Club continues to support the Macksville RSL Sub Branch in their work with serving ex-service men and women and their families.

No significant changes in the nature of the Company's activity occurred during the financial year.

Operating results

The loss of the Company after providing for income tax amounted to \$151,154 (2022: Profit \$20,940)

Directors' report

31 January 2023

Short term objectives

- Provide a place of enjoyment for all members by continuing the standard of entertainment now provided.
- Continue to offer members the current facilities available and to welcome new members to our Club.
- Support local individuals and groups educational, sporting and community.

Long term objectives

- Continue to provide and up to date Club with facilities to meet members' needs.
- Maintain financial stability of the Club.
- Repay the debt incurred in modernising the Club premises.

Strategy for achieving the objectives

- Provide the best possible facilities to members.
- Provide entertainment and activities to attract patronage to the Club.
- · Offer patrons quality meals and beverages.
- Annual development of a financial budget and monthly monitoring of financial performance to ensure the Club operates within its financial capabilities.

How principal activities assisted in achieving the objectives

The principal activities assisted the Club in achieving its objectives by providing reasonably priced food and beverages, entertainment, responsible approved gambling including, Keno and Gaming Machines, and meeting or function venues as required.

Performance measures

- Monitoring performance by comparing actual results to past performance.
- Reviewing key performance indicators such as gross profit margins, wages to turnover ratios, net returns from trading and average return per poker machine.

Significant changes in state of affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year.

Property classification

Members are advised that in accordance with Section 41E (5) of the Registered Clubs Act, the Board

Directors' report

31 January 2023

of Directors have determined the property classification as follows:

Core Property - 16 Cooper Street Macksville

Lots 2-4	Section C	in DP6045	Club house and Grounds
Lots 4-5		in DP23202	Car Park
Non-Core Pr	roperty		

Lots 2-3		in DP22302	29 Princess Street
Lots 5-9	Section C	in DP6045	18 - 22 Cooper Street
Lot 11	Section C	in DP6045	18 - 22 Cooper Street
Lot 12		in DP55012	18 - 22 Cooper Street

Events after the reporting date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Members Guarantee

The Company is registered with the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$1 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the Company. At 31 January 2023 the number of members was 2,873 (2022: 2,898).

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, for the year ended 31 January 2023 has been received and can be found on page 6 of the financial report.

N. Well-

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of directors.

Robert J. Laird Kenneth W. Walker

Chairman Vice Chairman

Dated: 25 May 2023





25 May 2023

The Directors

Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Limited 16 Cooper Street Macksville NSW 2447

Dear Directors,

Auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 January 2023, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

HLV Audit Pty Ltd

Holladay

Hhy fudit

Angela Holladay

Director

Macksville NSW

Statement of income and retained earnings

For the year ended 31 January 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Revenue	5	4,121,920	3,413,189
Finance income		1,031	103
Other income	5	56,183	64,230
Total income		4,179,134	3,477,522
Cost of goods sold		(1,196,812)	(862,355)
Depreciation and amortisation	10, 11	(230, 290)	(296,975)
Employee benefit expenses		(1,729,251)	(1,382,093)
Finance expenses		(24, 248)	(26,619)
Other expenses		(1,149,687)	(888,540)
Total expenses		(4,330,288)	(3,456,582)
Profit (loss) before income taxes		(151,154)	20,940
Income tax	3.a	-	-
Profit (loss) for the year		(151,154)	20,940

Retained earnings	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Opening balance		2,023,599	2,002,656
Profit/(loss) for the year		(151, 154)	20,940
Retained earnings at the end of the year		1,872,445	2,023,596

Statement of financial position

As at 31 January 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	518,978	707,238
Trade and other receivables		36,392	14,030
Inventories	9	68,582	50,213
Prepayments		39,393	32,645
Total current assets		663,345	804,126
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	1,818,437	1,839,268
Intangible assets	12	151,065	151,065
Investment properties	11	406,266	413,365
Total non-current assets		2,375,768	2,403,698
Total assets		3,039,113	3,207,824
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	406,704	305,088
Borrowings	15	141,664	122,296
Employee benefits	17	285,983	270,699
Lease liabilities	13	109,187	89,868
Other liabilities	16	26,680	30,304
Total current liabilities		970,218	818,255
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	15	75,003	229,440
Employee benefits	17	26,847	30,052
Lease liabilities	13	94,600	106,481
Total non-current liabilities	, 	196,450	365,973
Total liabilities		1,166,668	1,184,228
		1.070.445	2 222 526
Net assets		1,872,445	2,023,596
Equity			
Opening balance		2,023,599	2,002,656
Profit/(loss) for the year		(151, 154)	20,940
Total equity		1,872,445	2,023,596

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 January 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	4,466,889	3,512,156
Payments to suppliers and employees	(4,438,363)	(3,502,854)
Interest received	1,031	117
Interest paid	(24,248)	(24,676)
Receipt from government subsidies and rebates	45,238	252,464
Rent received	52,045	52,045
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	102,592	289,252
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(57,007)	(56,614)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	(57,007)	(56,614)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayment of borrowings	(135,068)	(157,267)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(98,777)	(94,750)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	(233,845)	(252,017)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(188,260)	(19,379)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	707,238	726,617
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	518,978	707,238

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

1. Introduction

The financial report covers Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd as an individual entity. Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd is a not-for-profit company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The functional and presentation currency of Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd is Australian dollars. Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 25 May 2023.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

a. Income tax

Income tax is not levied on the operations of the Company as they pertain to members, being exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*, but only in regard to activities concerning visitors as well as the Company's investment income. Therefore, normal company rates of tax are not based on the operating results for the year, but rather on the portion applicable to visitors and investment income. This is known as the principle of mutuality.

As at balance date, the Company has carried forward income tax losses of \$217,968. Although the Company may trade profitably in future years, after applying the principle of mutuality for taxation purposes, the probability of absorbing the entire balance of carried forward income tax losses is considered to be very low. Therefore, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in the financial statements as there is no certainty that the taxation losses will provide an economic benefit in the future.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

b. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the Statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

c. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the Company determines whether there is evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets. Where an indicator exists and regardless for indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss.

d. Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs. The Company has not recognised any financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss in the financial statements.

i. Financial assets

Classification

On initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets into those measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

Amortised cost

The Company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (where material) less provision for impairment. Interest income and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Trade receivables and contract assets

Impairment of trade receivables and contract assets have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The Company has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and contract asset and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Where the Company renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate (where material) and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

ii. Financial liabilities

The Company measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (where material). The financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and lease liabilities.

e. Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The Company has adopted all standards which became effective for the first time at or before 31 January 2023, the adoption of these standards has not caused any material adjustments to the reported financial position, performance or cash flow of the Company.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The directors make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances. These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

a. Key estimates - impairment of non financial assets

The Company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions specific to the Company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant non financial assets are reassessed using fair value less cost to sell or value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

b. Key estimates - estimated useful lives

The Company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite or indefinite life of any intangible assets held. The useful lives could change as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated.

c. Key estimates - employee benefits

The Company records a provision for employee benefits for future cash outflows expected to be incurred due to employer obligations for long service.

The Company classifies employee benefits as current where eligible personnel have satisfied all eligibility requirements, whilst those with a length of service of greater than five years, but less than ten years, have been classified as non-current at their current value of accrued benefits. Personnel with a length of service of less than five years have not been provided. The effect of discounting is not considered material and adjustments for future pay increases have not been projected.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

5. Revenue and other income

a. Accounting policy

i. Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Generally, the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Company have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

ii. Specific revenue streams

The revenue recognition policies for the principal revenue streams of the Company are:

Sale of goods and provision of services

The Company usually recognises point-of-sale-based revenues derived from the sale of goods (such as bar and bistro sales) and the provision of service (such as gaming revenues) at a point in time, as the performance obligations inherent in these goods and services are generally satisfied at the time considered received.

The Company may receive consideration for the provision of services in advance of those performance obligations being satisfied (such as functions). Whilst the revenue is still recognised at a point in time, this timing difference may give rise to a temporary liability.

The Company recognises revenue derived from membership fees over time as the performance obligations inherent in membership are deemed to be both satisfied and simultaneously consumed by the customer over the period to which the membership relates. Accordingly, a contract liability will be recognised for the amounts received but not recognised as revenue at balance date.

Grants or subsidies (including economic stimulus)

The Company assesses the specific facts and circumstances of each grant or subsidy received to determine the appropriate application of revenue recognition requirements. These will generally vary between AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (recognised as performance obligations are satisfied) or AASB 1058 Income for Not-for-Profit Entities (recognised immediately in the profit or loss once irrevocably entitled).

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

iii. Rental income

Investment property revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over a period of the lease term so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

iv. Other income

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis when the Company is irrevocably entitled to it.

b. Revenue from continuing operations

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Bar	613,002	396,399
Catering	1,113,233	853,487
Meals on Wheels	162,451	153,336
Poker Machines	1,961,043	1,554,920
Facility hire for meetings	3,052	3,570
Entertainment and promotions	125,776	113,326
Member subscriptions	14,172	13,479
	3,992,729	3,088,517
Revenue from other sources		
Economic stimulus	=	166,632
Gaming rebates	17,180	17,180
Training subsidies	45,238	85,832
Commissions	66,773	55,028
	129,191	324,672
Total Revenue from continuing operations	4,121,920	3,413,189

c. Other income

	2023	2022 \$
	\$	
Rental income	52,045	52,045
Insurance proceeds	-	6,345
Other income	4,138	5,840
Total other income	56,183	64,230

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

6. Auditor's remuneration

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Audit of the financial report	24,000	20,000
Other remuneration of the auditor	4,900	4,400
Total Auditor's remuneration	28,900	24,400

Other remuneration of the auditor included preparation of the company's income tax return and assistance with the preparation of the financial statements.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

a. Accounting policy

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

8. Cash flow information

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss) for the year	(151,154)	20,940
Add / (less) non-cash items:		
(Profit) / loss on sale of assets		
Net loss on disposal		
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,919	20
Total (Profit) / loss on sale of assets	1,919	20
Depreciation and amortisation	230,290	296,975
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(increase) / decrease in receivables	(22,362)	17,121
(increase) / decrease in inventories	(18,369)	(7,580)
(increase) / decrease in other assets	(6,748)	(34)
increase / (decrease) in payables	60,561	(23,381)
increase / (decrease) in employee benefits	12,079	27,692
increase / (decrease) in other liabilities	(3,624)	4,490
Cash flows from operations	102,592	336,243

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

9. Inventories

a. Inventory details

Current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Bar stock on hand - at cost	43,689	32,834
Bistro stock on hand - at cost	24,893	17,379
Total Inventory	68,582	50,213

10. Property, plant and equipment

a. Accounting policy

Each class of property, plant and equipment is measured using the cost model and is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

i. Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated both a straight-line and reducing balance basis over the asset's useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The estimated useful lives used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class	Depreciation rate
Land	N/A
Buildings	2.5% - 4.0%
Plant and equipment	7.5% - 40.0%
Furniture, fixtures and fittings	7.5% - 40.0%

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate. When an asset is disposed, the gain or loss is calculated by comparing proceeds received with its carrying amount and is taken to profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

b. Property, plant and equipment details

Summary	2023	2022
5 c c c c	\$	\$
Land	183,011	183,011
Buildings		
At cost	2,409,514	2,409,514
Accumulated depreciation	(1,420,505)	(1,368,569)
Total Buildings	989,009	1,040,945
Plant and equipment		
At cost	2,197,526	2,098,405
Accumulated depreciation	(1,620,481)	(1,557,775)
Total Plant and equipment	577,045	540,630
Furniture, fixtures and fittings		
At cost	604,898	599,425
Accumulated depreciation	(535,526)	(524,743)
Total Furniture, fixtures and fittings	69,372	74,682
Total Property, plant and equipment	1,818,437	1,839,268

Movement in carrying amounts

			Plant and	Furniture, fixtures and	
2023	Land	Buildings	equipment	fittings	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance	183,011	1,040,945	540,630	74,682	1,839,268
Additions		-	184,301	19,973	204,274
Disposals		-	(1,861)	(54)	(1,915)
Depreciation	1-2	(51,936)	(146,025)	(25, 229)	(223, 190)
Closing balance	183,011	989,009	577,045	69,372	1,818,437

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

11. Investment properties

a. Accounting policy

Investment property is measured using the cost model and is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

i. Depreciation

The buildings that form investment properties owned by the Company are depreciated on a straight-line basis over an assessed useful life of 33 years. Additional improvements are depreciated on a straight-line and reducing balance over the asset's useful life.

b. Investment property details

Investment property	2023	2022
	\$	\$
At cost	585,966	585,966
Accumulated depreciation	(179,700)	(172,601)
Total Investment property	406,266	413,365

Movement in carrying amounts

2022	Owned property	Total
2023	property \$	\$
Opening balance	413,365	413,365
Depreciation	(7,099)	(7,099)
Closing balance	406,266	406,266

Investment returns

Both investment properties have been tenanted during the full financial year. The rental income earned on these investment properties is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings under other income.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

Investment property valuation

The investment properties were independently valued by a suitably qualified valuer in June 2022. The valuation was based on the fair market value based on similar properties. The critical assumptions in determining the valuation included the location of the land and buildings, sales data for similar properties and capitalisation of an assessed net annual rental return. The fair values of these investment properties determined by the independent valuer in 2022 are disclosed below. Based on the current market, the Directors do not expect the fair value of these investment properties to have declined as compared to the amounts valued in 2022.

Description	2023
•	\$
Cooper Street	1,393,000
Princess Street	224,000
Total Fair Value	1,617,000

12. Intangible assets

a. Accounting policy

i. Amortisation

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use. Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

b. Intangible asset details

Summary	2023	2022 \$
	\$	
Poker Machine Entitlements		
At cost	194,998	194,998
Accumulated impairment	(43,933)	(43,933)
Net carrying amount	151,065	151,065

Intangible assets reflect poker machine entitlements that have been purchased by the Company in previous years. It is widely considered that the life of these entitlements are indefinite and consequently the cost cannot be amortised.

Intangible assets must be tested for impairment at least annually. Impairment occurs when an asset's carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. The value of the asset must be reduced to the lower amount with the resulting loss being reflected in the profit or loss. Where the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount, a recovery of previously recognised impairment

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

losses are allowed to the maximum value of those amounts recognised.

The Company has performed value in use calculations based on estimated cashflows derived from these intangible assets and the Director's have determined that the carrying amount of the poker machine entitlements is not impaired at 31 January 2023.

13. Leases

a. Accounting policy

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a lease exists.

i. Lessee accounting

The Company has chosen not to apply AASB 16 to leases of intangible assets.

At the lease commencement, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and associated lease liability for the lease term. The lease term includes extension periods where the Company believes it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model where cost on initial recognition comprises of the lease liability, initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, estimated cost of removal and restoration less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement of the lease. The discount rate is the rate implicit in the lease, however where this cannot be readily determined then the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is remeasured whether there is a lease modification, change in estimate of the lease term or index upon which the lease payments are based (e.g. CPI) or a change in the Company's assessment of lease term.

Where the lease liability is remeasured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted to reflect the remeasurement or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Exceptions to lease accounting

The Company has elected to apply the exceptions to lease accounting for both short-term leases (i.e. leases with a term of less than or equal to 12 months) and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

b. Company as a lessee

i. Terms and conditions of leases

The Company retains right of use assets and associated lease liabilities for the following:

- Poker machine equipment and their related licenses, for terms between two and three years requiring monthly repayments.
- Multiscreen Communication Equipment Agreement with a total lease term of 60 months commencing in February 2022.
- POS Terminal System Equipment Lease with a total lease term of 36 months commencing August 2021 requiring monthly repayments of \$1,983 (ex. GST).

These lease liabilities are secured by the underlying right of use assets. The values of these underlying leased assets are included in the totals within *Property, Plant and Equipment* in the statement of financial position (Note 10).

ii. Carrying amount of right of use assets recognised in plant and equipment

Description	2023	2022
1	\$	\$
Poker machines and related licenses	156,525	134,020
Multiscreen Communication System	16,658	-
POS Terminal System	33,580	55,967
Total Carrying amount of right of use assets	206,763	189,987

iii. Lease liabilities

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows is shown in the table below:

,	2023	2022
	\$	\$
< 1 year	111,168	93,870
1 - 5 years	94,822	108,686
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	205,990	202,556
Less unexpired interest	(2,203)	(6,207)
Lease liabilities in the statement of financial position	203,787	196,349

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

iv. Statement of income and retained earnings

The amounts recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings relating to interest expense and depreciation on lease liabilities and short-term leases or leases of low value assets are shown below:

Description	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Lease expenses in the profit or loss		
Interest expense on lease liability	4,003	3,032
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	64,175	66,189
Variable lease payments not included in the lease liabilities	273	2,893
Total lease expenses	68,451	72,114

14. Trade and other payables

Current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Trade payables	282,895	150,666
Accrued expenses	79,983	55,815
ATO liabilities	37,543	90,188
Other trade and other payables	6,283	8,419
Total Current trade and other payables	406,704	305,088

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days, with the exception of ATO and Superannuation liabilities, which are normally settled on ordinary statutory timeframes. The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

15. Borrowings

Current	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	
Bank loans	141,664	122,296	

Non-current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Bank loans	75,003	229,440

a. Summary of borrowings

- 1. In March 2018, the Company secured a business loan facility totalling \$800,000 for the purposes of future upgrades and maintenance of the Club. The term of the loan is for six years with fortnightly repayments of principal and interest with a final payment of an residual balance at the end of the loan term. As at 31 January 2023, the variable interest rate on this loan was 7.24% with a minimum fortnightly repayment of \$5,865.95. The terms of the loan allow progressive drawing and as at 31 January 2023 the loan balance was \$216,667 with a redraw facility available of \$37,098.42.
- 2. In April 2016, the Company established a loan with ANZ Finance for \$163,836 to fund the replacement of the Club's air-conditioning system. The term of the loan is for five years with monthly principal and interest repayments of \$3,140 commencing in April 2016. This loan was fully repaid during the previous financial year ending 31 January 2022.

In the 2020, both loans were varied during the financial year as the Company engaged in deferral options to assist with cashflow management as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic. As a result, repayments were deferred for a six-month period between April 2020 and October 2020. The terms of each loan agreement have been updated to reflect the extended term and associated repayments.

b. Defaults and breaches

During the current and prior year, there were no defaults or breaches on any of the loans.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

16. Other liabilities

Current	2023	2022 \$
	\$	
Membership in advance	19,513	20,331
Rebates in advance	5,727	5,728
Deposits in advance	1,440	4,245
Total Other liabilities	26,680	30,304

17. Employee benefits

a. Accounting policy

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits, those benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

b. Employee benefit details

Current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Annual leave	206,602	183,867
Long service leave	79,381	86,832
Total Current employee benefits	285,983	270,699

Non-current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Long service leave	26,847	30,052
Total Non-current employee benefits	26,847	30,052

18. Contingencies

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company did not have any contingencies at 2023 (2022: None).

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2023

19. Members' guarantee

The Company is registered with the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$1 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the Company. At 31 January 2023 the number of members was 2,873 (2022: 2,898).

20. Related parties

a. Key management personnel

The remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Company is \$119,830 (2022: \$109,659).

Related parties include key management personnel (including those charged with governance), close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those key management personnel or their close family members.

b. Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The Company did not enter into any related party transactions during the financial year.

21. Events occurring after the reporting date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

22. Statutory information

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is:

Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd 16 Cooper Street Macksville NSW Australia 2447

Directors' declaration

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes for the year ended 31 January 2023 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:
 - comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures; and
 - give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 January 2023 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company.
- 2. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

N. Well-

Kenneth W. Walker

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Robert J. Laird

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Dated: 25 May 2023





Independent audit report to the members of Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a simplified disclosure financial report of Macksville District Ex-Servicemen's Club Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 January 2023, the statement of income and retained earnings and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- a. giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 January 2023 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b. complying with the Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this audit report is included in the Directors' report, but does not include the financial report and our audit report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.





- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

HLV Audit Pty Ltd

Holladay

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Angela Holladay

Director

Macksville NSW

25 May 2023